

THE NEW JOBS THAT BRING THE FUTURE TO OUR STEP. How could the new jobs affect unemployment?

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LABOUR MARKET UNDERPERFORMANCE, LACK OF DIGITALIZATION & BRAIN DRAIN



	Greece 2009	Greece Now	EU-28 Now
Unemployment rate (% of labour force)	9.6	20.3	7.3
Long term unemployment (unemployed for 4 years or over as % of total unemployed)	12.3	32.9	14.7
Digital economy and society index (DESI) (performance 0 = worst, 1 = best)	0.30	0.38	0.52
Brain drain score (1 = worst, 7 = best) (capacity of country to retain talent)	3	2.5	3.7



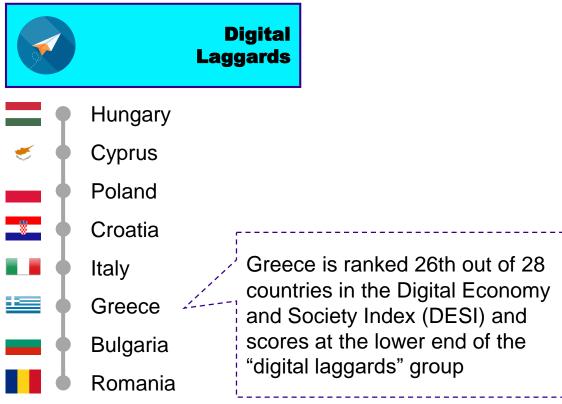
THE "DIGITAL RIFT" – 3 EUROPEAN GROUPS



	Digita Frontrunner
= ■ •	Denmark
+ +	Finland
•	Sweden
= +	Netherlands
- +	Luxemburg
• •	Belgium
	UK
• •	Ireland
	Estonia



Slovakia





POOR QUALITY EDUCATION LIMITS SKILLS DEVELOPMENT



	Greece 2009	Greece Now	EU-28 Now
PISA score			(OECD average)
Science	470	455	493
Reading	483	467	493
Mathematics	466	454	490
Performance in science, reading and			40
mathematics	•••	20.7	(OECD average)
(share of low achievers in all three subjects)			(OLOD average)
Lifelong learning			
(Participation rate in education and training for	9.8	10.6	16.6
adults aged 18-64 years)			

Source: OECD



WEAK TRADABLES SECTOR LIMITS TRANSFORMATION OF ECONOMY



	Greece 2009	Greece Now	EU-28 Now
Employment in Manufacturing /	0.3	0.2	0.6
Employment in Trade (ratio)	UiJ	0.2	0.0
Non-oil good exports	6.0*	10.6*	31.1**
(% of GDP)	0.0	10.0	31.1
Non-oil good imports / exports	3.1	1.9	0.9
(ratio)	3.1	1.9	0.9
Labour productivity			
(Real GDP per person employed, 2009	100	91.3	107.7
= 100)			



^{*} Exports of Greece vs the rest of the world, including EU.

^{**} Exports of EU-28 vs the rest of the world, including EU. Source: ELSTAT, Eurostat

GREECE'S HOLISTIC DIGITAL STRATEGY





The Greek digital strategy incorporates four interconnected sets of strategic axes

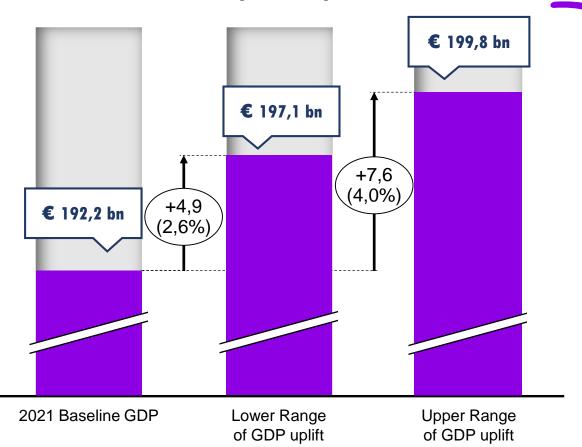
The four strategic axes provide the means of realizing the Greek digital vision and need to work in sync to deliver the desired strategic outcomes

THE UPLIFT OF THE GREEK GDP & THE BRAIN DRAIN REVERSAL

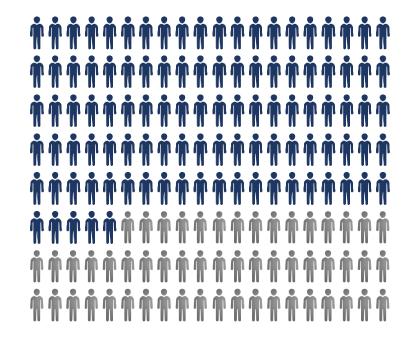




2021: **€**4,9 – 7,6 bn



Brain drain reversal and creation of at least 50,000 jobs

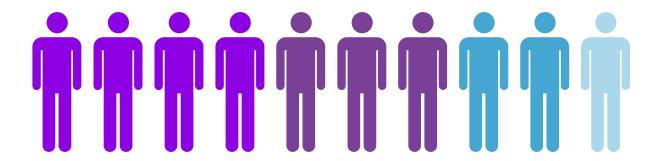


TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE GROWTH



- Industrial policy to raise manufacturing GDP share from 8,7% to 12 by 2020.
- Design and implement strategy for the digital transformation of the economy
- SMEs growth strategy
- Introduction of fiscally-neutral investment incentives
- Strengthening of education/labour market interface
- No back-tracking in labour market reforms





Thank you!

